











What is apraxia of speech?

Apraxia of Speech, also known as verbal apraxia or dyspraxia, is a speech disorder in which a person has trouble saying what he or she wants to say correctly and consistently. It is not a cognitive disorder, nor is it due to weakness or paralysis of the speech muscles. The severity of apraxia can range from mild to profound. Research has found 64% of those with autism have apraxia. Verbal apraxia can coexist with other diagnosis including SPD, or ADHD.

Children with verbal apraxia may have issues with prosody which can affect the pitch or loudness of their speech. Neurotypical children may have difficulty with volume control. With verbal apraxia, this issue may be outside the child's ability to control when attempting to talk. They are learning to speak, but understand what is said to them. Care and compassion is always appreciated!

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